

BMBF Joint Project: Water Resources Management of an Underground River in a Karst Area on Java, Indonesia

With hydropower against water scarcity – Drinking water for up to 80.000 people

Franz Nestmann, Peter Oberle, Muhammad Ikhwan, Daniel Stoffel

Study Area

- Karst area 'Gunung Sewu' ("Land of thousand hills", 1.400 km²) at District of Gunung Kidul, Indonesia, with hundreds of networked underground caves

Problems

- Total exchange of the surface run off to an underground river system due to karst infiltration
- Severe water scarcity during dry seasons

Goals

- Enablement of a reliable water supply through extraction of the underground water resources by usage of appropriate technologies based on renewable hydropower

Concept

- Damming up the river with concrete barrage
- Installation of underground hydropower plant
- Application of robust and cost effective pumps as turbine substitute
- Mechanical energy transmission to feed pump
- Demonstration cave and field laboratory for multiplication to other locations

Results

- Handover to Indonesian operating authority in March 2010
- Comprehensive capacity development accomplished by German side
- **Supply of more than 2.5 billion liters of water since the start-up of continuous operation in July 2011**

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)

- Institute for Water and River Basin Management (IWG)
- Institute of Mineralogy and Geochemistry (IMG)
- Geodetic Institute (GIK)
- Institute of Concrete Structures and Building Materials (IMB)
- Institute of Soil Mechanics and Rock Mechanics (IBF)
- Research Center for Steel, Timber and Masonry (VAKA)

Justus-Liebig University Giessen

- Institute for Geography

Industry Partners

- Herrenknecht AG
- KSB AG

Indonesian Partners

- Ministry of Public Works (PU)
- Yogyakarta Special Province (DIY)
- National Nuclear Energy Agency (BATAN)
- Gadjah Mada University (UGM)
- Sebelas Maret University (UNS)
- Wijaya Karya
- Acintyacunyata Speleological Club (ASC)



Location of project area Gunung Sewu on Java island, Indonesia



Left: Gunung Kidul during rainy season. Right: Gunung Kidul during dry season.



Upstream view on underground barrage (left), successful initial start-up in August 2008 (right)



Continuous operation of the hydropower plant enabled by comprehensive capacity development

Contact persons: Prof. Dr.-Ing. Dr. h.c. mult. Franz Nestmann
Dr.-Ing. Peter Oberle
Dr.-Ing. Muhammad Ikhwan

franz.nestmann@kit.edu
peter.oberle@kit.edu
ikhwan@kit.edu

www.iwrm-indonesien.de